

Melinta Therapeutics Receives FDA Approval for Baxdela in Skin Infections

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BLOG

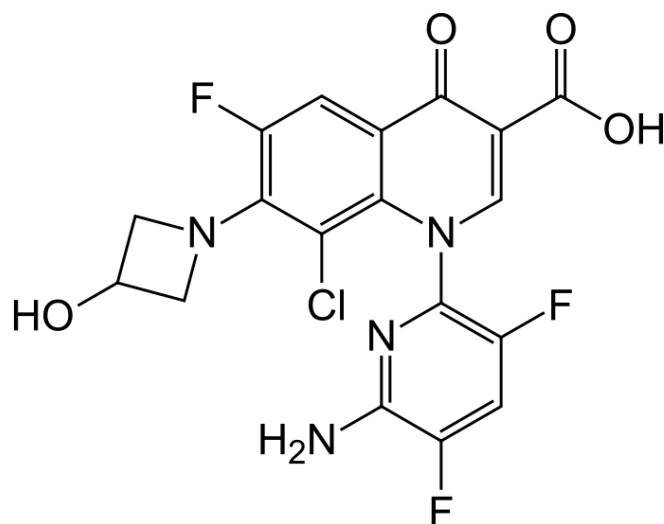
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On June 19, 2017, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved the use of the fluoroquinolone antibiotic,

Baxdela[®] (delafloxacin), for the treatment of acute bacterial skin and skin structure infections (ABSSSI). Approval of Baxdela[®], which is effective against resistant organisms such as MRSA, will provide physicians another tool to combat growing antibiotic resistance.

Approximately 3 million patients are hospitalized each year in U.S. with ABSSSI, most commonly caused by *Staphylococcus aureus* and *Streptococcus pyogenes*. These patients often present clinical challenges due to multiple infections or unrelated underlying conditions. This makes selecting the appropriate antibiotic difficult. Baxdela[®], like Sivextro[®] (tedizolid) and Zyvox[®] (linezolid), is orally bioavailable, providing for more flexible dosing and allowing hospitalized ABSSSI patients to return home more quickly.

Baxdela[®] (1-(6-amino-3,5-difluoropyridin-2-yl)-8-chloro-6-fluoro-7-(3-hydroxyazetid-1-yl)4-oxo-1,4-dihydroquinoline-3-carboxylate, 1-deoxy-1-(methylamino)-D-glucitol salt) is an orally available bacterial topoisomerase inhibitor, which is required for bacterial DNA repair and replication.



Both oral and injectable Baxdela[®] demonstrated a clinically meaningful response over vancomycin in combination with aztreonam in patients with ABSSSI. The CDC estimates that there were approximately 80,000 cases of antibiotic resistance *Staphylococcus aureus* in 2013, resulting in 11,000 deaths (a mortality rate of nearly 14%). Being newly approved, Baxdela[®] leaves behind six other drug candidates in Phase 3 trials with demonstrated activity against resistant organisms.